# The WHO diabetes targets: accelerating progress towards 2030

*An online event by the International Diabetes Federation*

(May 18 – 13:00-14:30 CEST)

## Opening

5’

**Webinar moderator:** Ms Bridget McNulty, diabetes advocate and IDF Blue Circle Voice member from South Africa  
Welcome to the webinar & housekeeping rules

## Setting the scene

8’

**Prof Stephen Colagiuri, IDF Vice-president**
- Diabetes prevalence and care over the past two decades

## Diabetes in the global agenda: accelerating progress towards 2030

10’

**Dr Bente Mikkelsen, Director, WHO NCDs department**
- The way forward: the Global Diabetes Compact
- The new diabetes coverage targets:
  - Target 1: 80% of people with diabetes are diagnosed
  - Target 2: 80% of people diagnosed have a good control of glycaemia
  - Target 3: 80% of people diagnosed have a good control of blood pressure
  - Target 4: 60% of people with diabetes over 40 years or older receive statins
  - Target 5: 100% of people with T1D have access to affordable insulin treatment and blood glucose self-monitoring

## Tracking progress on diabetes

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**Ms Leanne Riley, WHO, Head of the Surveillance, Monitoring and Reporting Unit, NCD department**
- WHO’s surveillance and monitoring activities

## Roundtable and Q&A

50’

**Mrs Kazi Zebunnesa Begum, Additional Secretary (WH), HSD, Bangladesh Ministry of Health and Family Welfare**

**Dr Slim Slama, Unit Head, WHO, NCD Management-Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment unit**

**Ms Leanne Riley, WHO, Head of the Surveillance, Monitoring and Reporting Unit, NCD department**

**Prof Edward Gregg, School of Public Health, Imperial Colleague of London**

**Prof João Raposo, Associação Protectora dos Diabéticos de Portugal**

**Ms Emma Klatman, Global Advocacy and Policy Manager, Life for a Child**

Questions for panelists (TBC – panelists to suggest additional questions):

**TARGET 1**
- How many of the people living with diabetes are currently diagnosed?
- What is the percentage of diagnosed people in Bangladesh?
- Why is this target important to improve the lives of people living with diabetes?
- What do governments, private sector and civil society need to do to help achieve this target by 2030?

**TARGET 2**
<table>
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<th><strong>TARGET 1</strong></th>
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| - What is the current percentage of people with diagnosed diabetes who have a good glycaemic control?  
- Does the Ministry of Health of Bangladesh have the percentage of people with good glycaemic control?  
- Why is this target important for the diabetes community?  
- What do governments, private sector and civil society need to do to help achieve this target by 2030? | - How many of the diagnosed people have a good control of blood pressure?  
- Does the Ministry of Health of Bangladesh have the percentage of people with good blood pressure control?  
- How can this target improve the lives of people living with diabetes?  
- What do governments, private sector and civil society need to do to help achieve this target by 2030? | - How many of the diagnosed people have a good control of blood pressure?  
- Does the Ministry of Health of Bangladesh have the percentage of people with good blood pressure control?  
- How can this target improve the lives of people living with diabetes?  
- What do governments, private sector and civil society need to do to help achieve this target by 2030? | - Do we know how many people with diagnosed diabetes currently receives statins?  
- What is the situation in Bangladesh?  
- Why is this target important to improve the lives of people living with diabetes?  
- What do governments, private sector and civil society need to do to help achieve this target by 2030? | - Do we know how many people with type 1 diabetes does not get diagnosed?  
- Do we know how many people diagnosed with type 1 diabetes do not get access to affordable insulin treatment and blood glucose self-monitoring?  
- What is the situation in Bangladesh?  
- Why is this target important for the type 1 diabetes community?  
- What do governments, private sector and civil society need to do to help achieve this target by 2030? |

### Closing remarks and thanks

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**Ms Bridget McNulty**, diabetes advocate and IDF Blue Circle Voice member from South Africa

Key messages & thanks to participants